

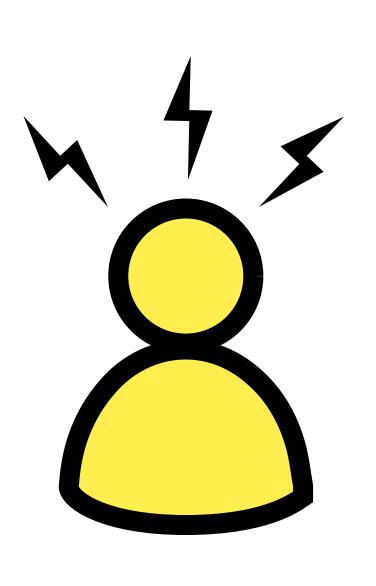
- A normal response to the everyday demands of life
- A feeling of physical or emotional tension in response to a stressor
- Our nervous system reacts to stressors by releasing hormones
- > Small doses of stress can help you be productive and meet deadlines
- Long-term stress can be harmful to your health



Stressors are physical, social, or mental events or conditions that force you to adjust to them. They are a natural part of life.

Stressors can be:

- Course work
- Tuition costs
- Starting a new job
- Roommates
- Intimate relationships
- An injury or illness
- Discrimination



STRESS BUSTERS

How do you cope with stress?



Resiliency refers to traits or characteristics that allow you to cope and thrive under pressure. It's your ability to bounce back after a challenge.

You can build resilience by:

- Changing how you think accept that things change and take an optimistic view. Remember that your failures do not determine your worth.
- Changing how you react reach out for help, do things to build your self-confidence, and take care of your health.

Where can I go for help?

- Student Mental Health Services
- Academic Support Services
- Stride workshops
- nool



Post-Secondary Student Helpline

